

NBSAPs and Sustainable Development Goals

Capacity-building workshop for Pacific on achieving Aichi Biodiversity Targets 11 and 12 Nadi, Fiji

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Convention on Biological Diversity

12 July 2016





COP 11 Decision XI/24 on Protected Ares

Invites Parties to...

- Integrate PoWPA action plans into updated NB\$APs;
- Consistent with national circumstances, undertake major efforts, with appropriate support, to achieve all elements of Aichi Biodiversity Target 11;
- Strengthen recognition of and support for community-based approaches to conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity;
- Renew efforts to establish multi-sectoral committees that include representatives of indigenous and local communities in support of the PoWPA, and continue to conduct assessments of the governance of protected areas;
- Align protected area projects in PoWPA action plans with the fourth, fifth and sixth replenishment periods of the GEF; and
- Report on the implementation of PoWPA action plans, including incorporation of the results of implementing projects funded by the GEF and other donors, in order to track progress towards achieving Aichi Target 11.



Submissions — Polynesia



COUNTRY	Revised NBSAP	5 Th National Report	PowPA Action Plan
Cook Islands			✓
Niue	2 December 2015	✓	✓
Samoa			✓
Tonga		✓	✓
Tuvalu		✓	



Submissions — Melanasia



COUNTRY	Revised NBSAP	5 Th National Report	PowPA Action Plan
Fiji	25 July 2015	✓	✓
Kiribati		✓	✓
Marshall Islands			
F.S. of Micronesia		✓	✓
Nauru		✓	✓
Palau		✓	✓
Papua New Guinea			
Solomon Islands		✓	✓
Vanuatu			\checkmark



POWPA Action Plans

In 2012, over 100 PoWPA Action Plans were submitted and are available at

www.cbd.int/protected/implementation/actionplans

Action Plan for Implementing the Convention on Biological Diversity's Programme of Work on Protected Areas



Figure 3A. Pohnpei subset map - Conservation Base Map

Note No: 073/MS/2012

The Ministry of State of the Republic of Palau presents its compliments to the UNEP Secretariat of the Convention on Biological Diversity and with reference to SCBD/STTM/SBG/lj/78771, dated 26 January 2012, has the honor to formally submit the attached Palau Protected Areas Action Plan for your reference and appropriate action

The Ministry further has the honor to officially endorse the said Action Plan and requests the latter's favorable support and consideration

The Ministry of State of the Republic of Palau avails itself renew to the UNEP Secretariat of the Convention on Biological of its highest consideration.

The National Capitol, REPUBLIC OF PALAU



Action Plan for Implementing the Convention on Biological Diversity's Programme of Work on Protected Areas



Samoa

at of the Convention on Biological Diversity October 6, 2011

Kingdom of Tonga

ACTION PLAN FOR

CONVENTION ON

IMPLEMENTING THE

PROTECTED AREAS

BIOLOGICAL DIVERSITY'S

PROGRAMME OF WORK ON

Submitted to the Secretariat of the Convention on Biological Diversity October 6, 2011





Protected areas deliver on development challenges





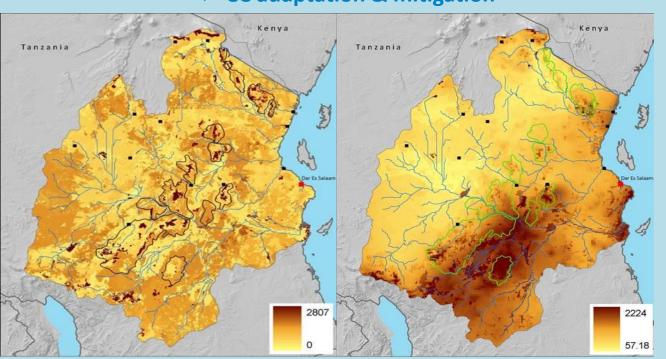


Protected areas deliver Multiple Benefits

- natural solutions for global challenges & sustainable development goals

Ecosystem services of Protected Areas

- Water security
 - Food and health security
 - > subsistence, livelihoods
 - > CC adaptation & mitigation











Transforming our world

People

We are determined to end poverty and hunger, in all their forms and dimensions, and to ensure that all human beings can fulfil their potential in dignity and equality and in a healthy environment.

Planet

We are determined to protect the planet from degradation, including through sustainable consumption and production, sustainably managing its natural resources and taking urgent action on climate change, so that it can support the needs of the present and future generations.

Prosperity

We are determined to ensure that all human beings can enjoy prosperous and fulfilling lives and that economic, social and technological progress occurs in harmony with nature.

Peace

We are determined to foster peaceful, just and inclusive societies which are free from fear and violence. There can be no sustainable development without peace and no peace without sustainable development.

Partnership

We are determined to mobilize the means required to implement this Agenda through a revitalised Global Partnership for Sustainable Development, based on a spirit of strengthened global solidarity, focussed in particular on the needs of the poorest and most vulnerable and with the participation of all countries, all stakeholders and all people.

Protected Areas and Sustainable Development Goals

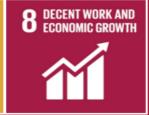
Protected Area Goods and Services

Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

Subsistence, livelihoods and nutrition







Social, cultural and governance



Human and ecosystem health; traditional health care







Drinking and irrigation water, hydro power, erosion control





Reduce and mitigate natural disasters

Reduce and adapt climate change





Post-2015 Sustainable Development Goals - Direct

- **Goal 6** Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all
- <u>Target 6.6</u> by 2020 protect and restore water-related ecosystems, including mountains, forests, wetlands, rivers, aquifers and lakes
- **Goal 14** Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development
- Target 14.5 by 2020, conserve at least 10 per cent of coastal and marine areas, consistent with national and international law and based on best available scientific information





Post-2015 Sustainable Development Goals - Direct

- **Goal 15** Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss
- <u>Target 15.1</u> By 2020, ensure the conservation, restoration and sustainable use of terrestrial and inland freshwater ecosystems and their services, in particular forests, wetlands, mountains and drylands, in line with obligations under international agreements
- <u>Target 15.2</u> By 2020, promote the implementation of sustainable management of all types of forests, halt deforestation, restore degraded forests and substantially increase afforestation and reforestation globally
- <u>Target 15.5</u> take urgent and significant action to reduce degradation of natural habitat, halt the loss of biodiversity, and by 2020 protect and prevent the extinction of threatened species
- <u>Target 15.8</u> By 2020, introduce measures to prevent the introduction and significantly reduce the impact of invasive alien species on land and water ecosystems and control or eradicate the priority species



Post-2015 Sustainable Development Goals — Indirect

Goal 1 End poverty in all its forms everywhere

Target 1.2 By 2030, reduce at least by half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions

Goal 12 Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns

 Target 12.2 By 2030, achieve the sustainable management and efficient use of natural resources



Links between with Aichi
Biodiversity Targets and
Sustainable Development Goals

